


The logo is a red shield with a white border, centered on a grey diamond plate background. The shield contains the text 'TMC' in large white letters, 'TECHNICAL & MAINTENANCE CONFERENCE' in smaller white letters with a horizontal line underneath, and 'PACCAR & DEALER' at the bottom with a small truck icon above the text.

**TMC**

TECHNICAL & MAINTENANCE  
CONFERENCE

 **PACCAR & DEALER**

2017



# FIFTH WHEELS – COUPLING ISSUES AND MAINTENANCE

- Bob Edwards – Fifth wheel plating requirements and the role of Authorised Examiners (AVEs)
- Adam Taylor – Technical overview, operation, and installation, VASS inspections
- Bob Martin – Fifth wheel maintenance
- Andrew Archibald – ‘On the road’ what happens when things go wrong
- Chris Blanchard – The operator’s perspective
- Simon Skazlic – The operator’s perspective

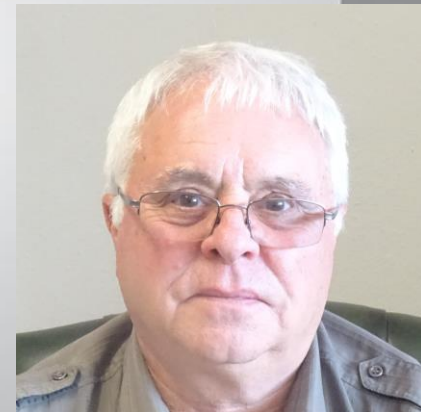




# Bob Edwards

**Authorised Vehicle Examiner  
Managing Director**

**Transport Engineering and  
Management (TEAM)**





# Adam Taylor

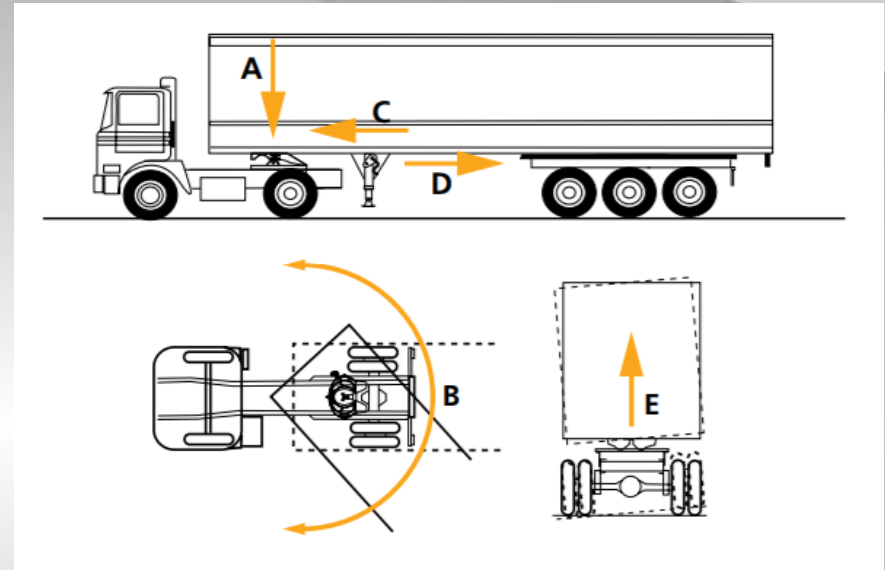
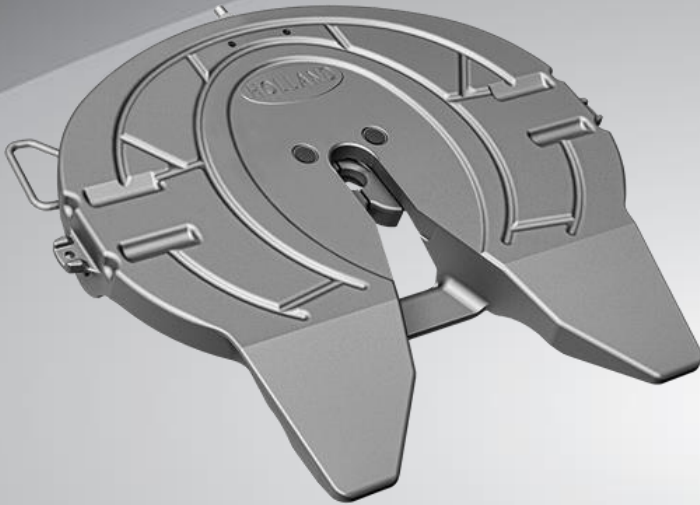
**Technical Services Officer**

**VASS examiner**

**SAF-HOLLAND**



# Fifth wheel basics



## WHAT DOES IT DO?

Support the weight of the trailer imposed on it **(A)**

Allow the trailer to articulate (trailer pivots relative to tractor on inclines) **(B)**

Resist the forces of:

the trailer pushing forward e.g. under braking **(C)**

the trailer "pulling back" on it e.g. starting off / accelerating **(D)**

the trailer trying to lift off e.g. when cornering due to roll **(E)**



# Fifth wheel basics



Wear Ring Contact  
Area Resists "Push" (C)

Coupler Jaw Contact  
Area Resists "Pull" (D)





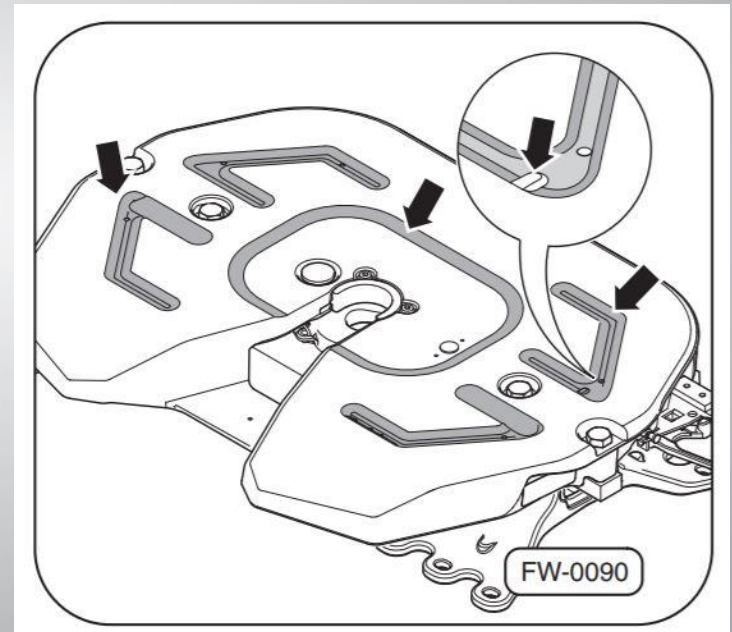
# Critical safety components

- top plate
  - not cracked or worn past its wear limits
- the locking mechanism (e.g. jaw, cam plate)
  - complete, in good condition, and unmodified
  - correctly adjusted
- the handle and release mechanism
  - operational and in good condition
- Foot pins and foot pockets
  - free of cracks and other damage, not worn past wear limits



# Top plate wear limits

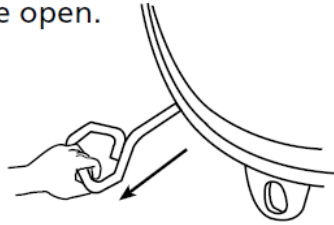
- Top plates are designed to wear and some have wear indicators for this purpose
- If a top plate is worn down to the wear indicator or to the manufacturer's specifications (some say the base of the grease groove) it must be replaced





# Locking mechanism – manual test

Make sure the locks are open.  
To open locks,  
pull release handle.



LOCKS ARE OPEN



LOCKS ARE CLOSED

If locks are closed, pull release handle all the way out.

## Open the lock with safety handle

1. Push the safety handle down by thumb Fig. 8, –arrow 1– and swivel the release handle to the left –arrow 2–.
2. Pull the release handle out completely –arrow 3– and hook the release device onto the edge of the plate.

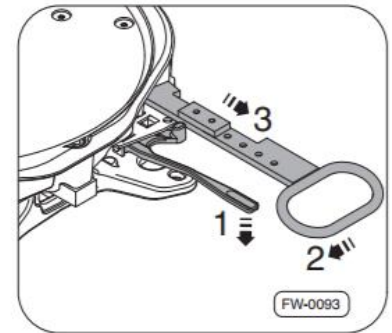


Fig. 8 · Open the lock

3. Ensure that the lock part swings open fully and the handle remains in a position to engage Fig. 9.

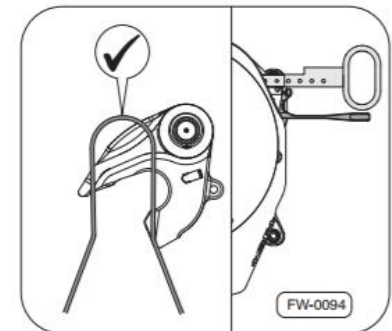
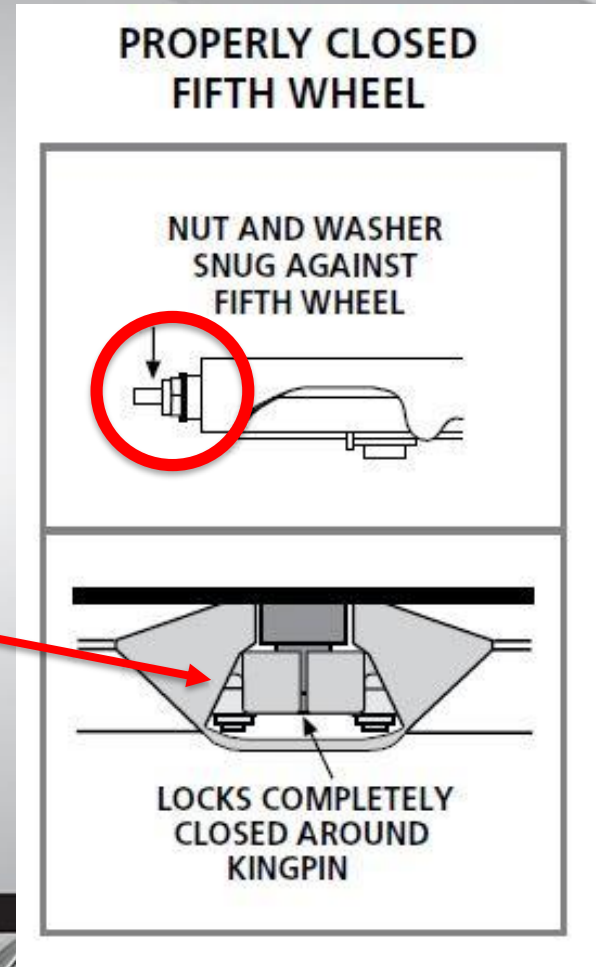
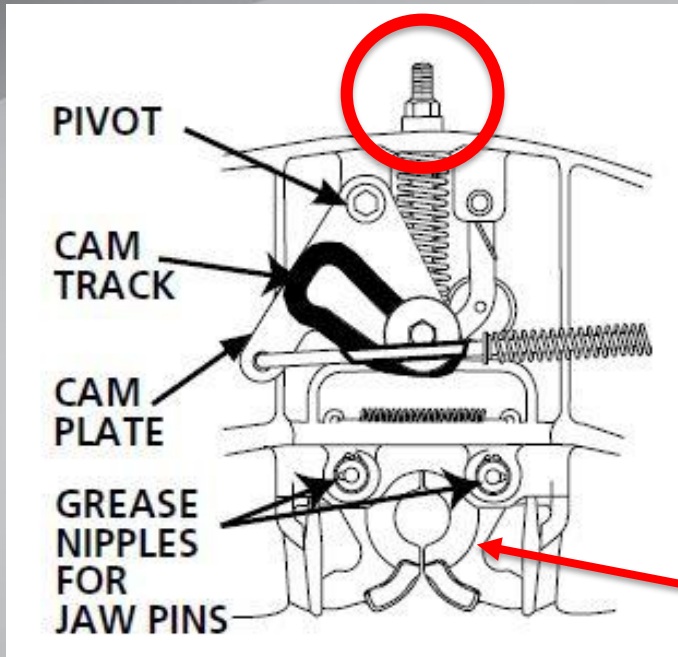


Fig. 9 · Opening the lock part



# Locking mechanism – inspection



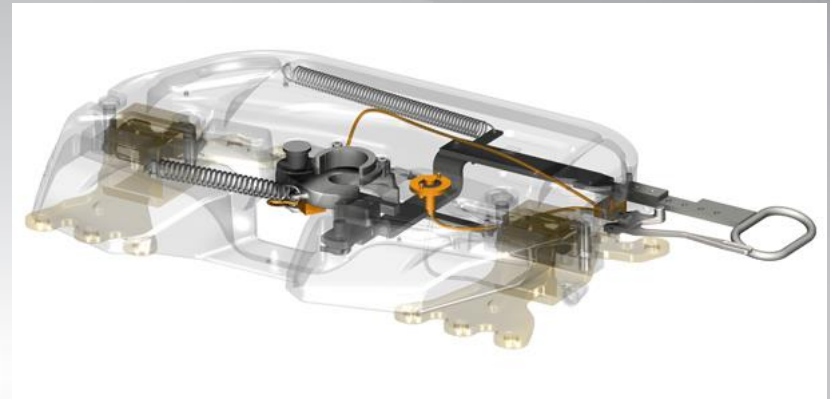
Always refer to the manufacturer's specification!

# Correct lock aids



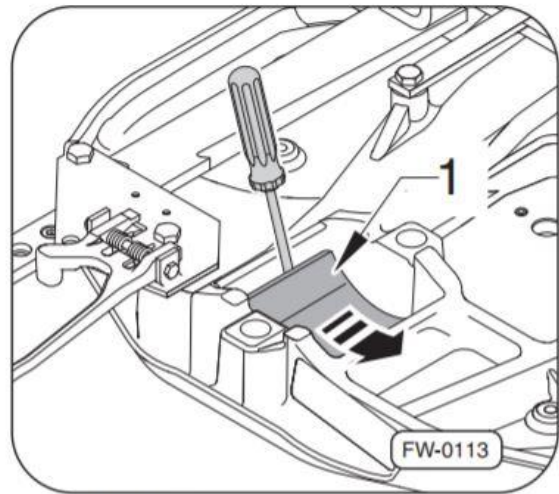
ELI-te for FW-series

RECOSS for G36

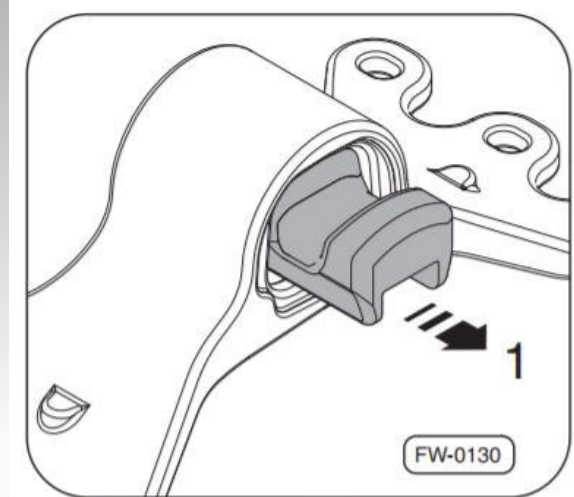




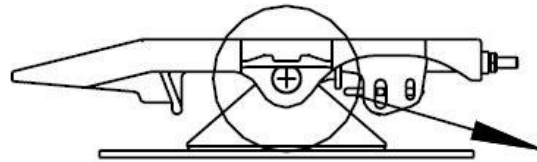
# Foot pins, pocket inserts, bushes



**Fig. 39** · Replace bearing

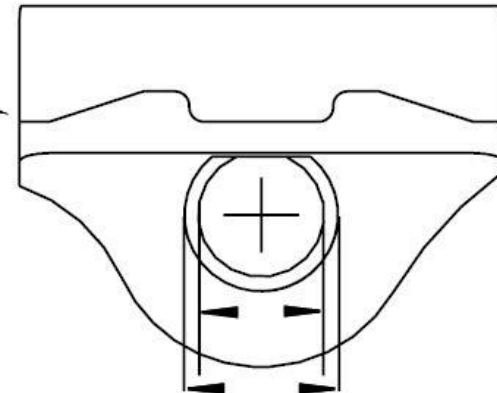


**Fig. 40** · Remove rubber dampers



Holland Hitch FW351, FW342 (Lo-Lube) & FW70 fifth wheels are manufactured with loose fitting foot pins. When new, there can be a clearance of up to 0.85 mm (0.033") between the bore of the casting and the pivot pin. This clearance allows for easy removal and fitment of the foot pin in the field.

The maximum clearance allowed between the bore of the casting and the pivot pin is 3.2 mm (0.125" ).



3.2 mm (0.125") Maximum clearance  
between casting bore and a new foot pin.

# Installation and VASS inspections





# Bob Martin

**Branch Manager - Brisbane**

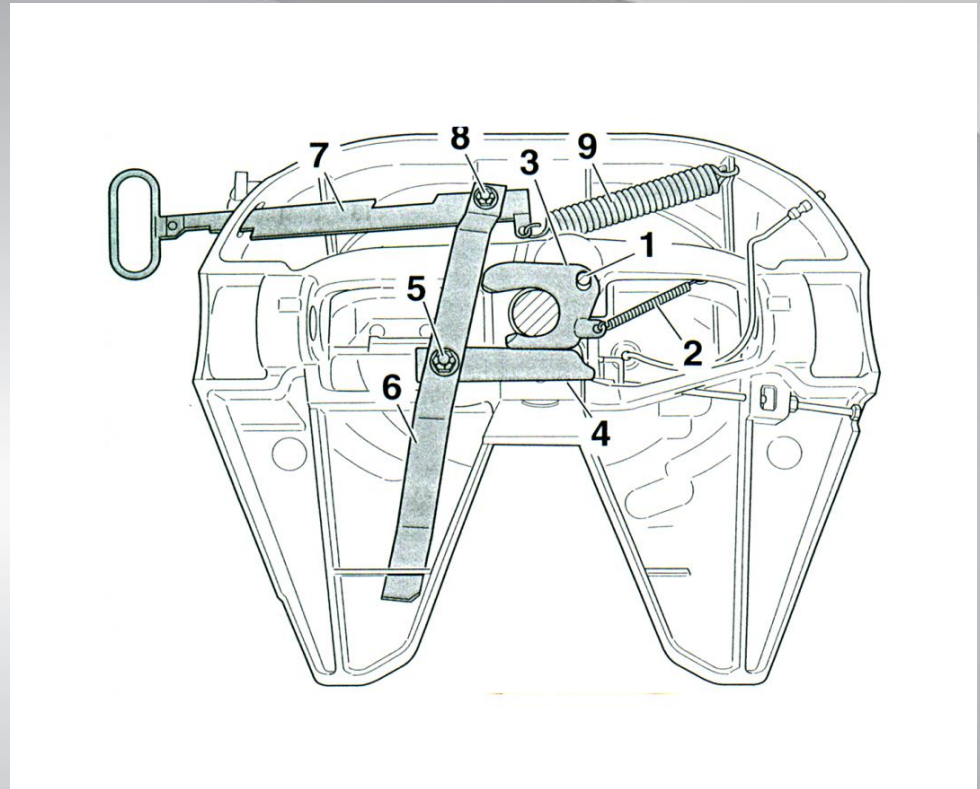
**Jost Australia**



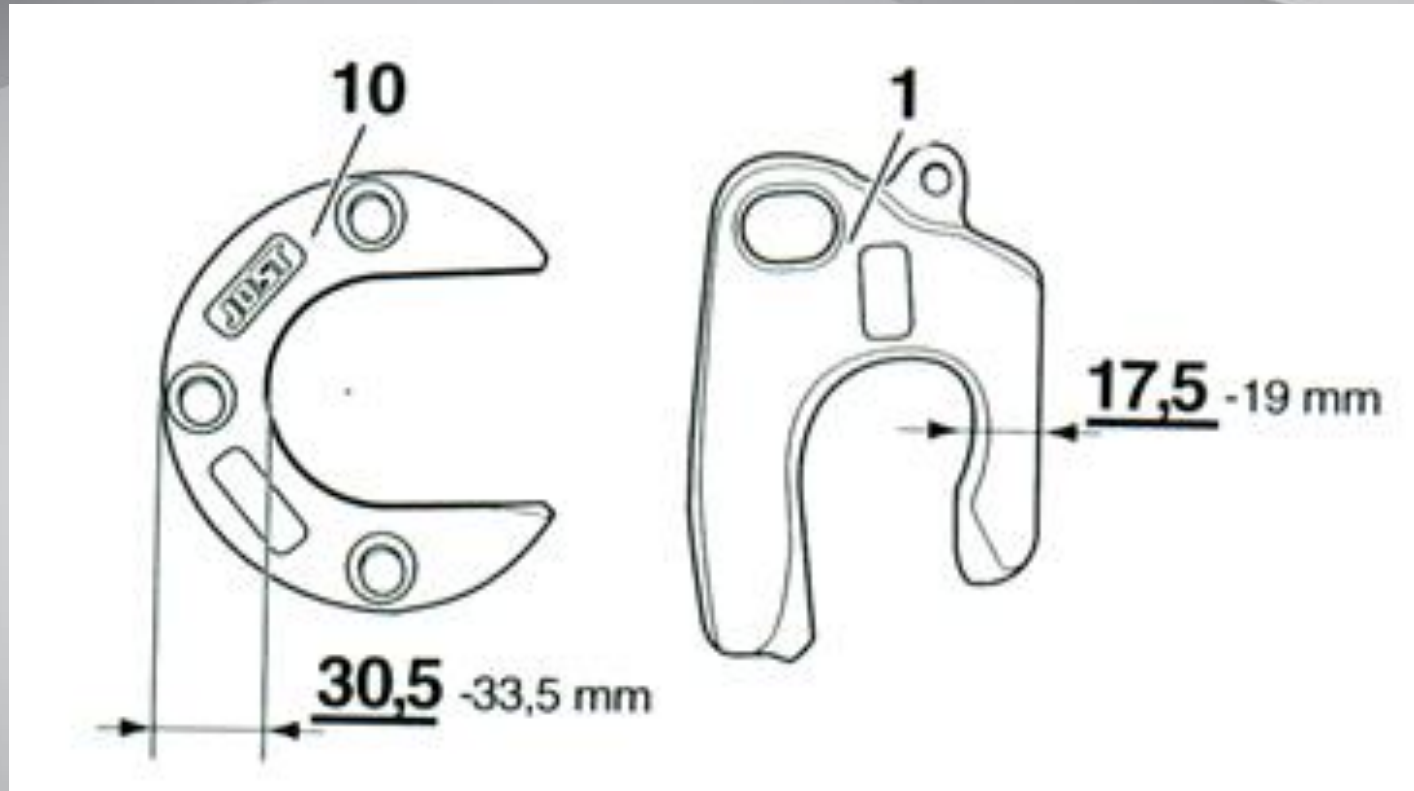


# Typical Jost fifth wheel

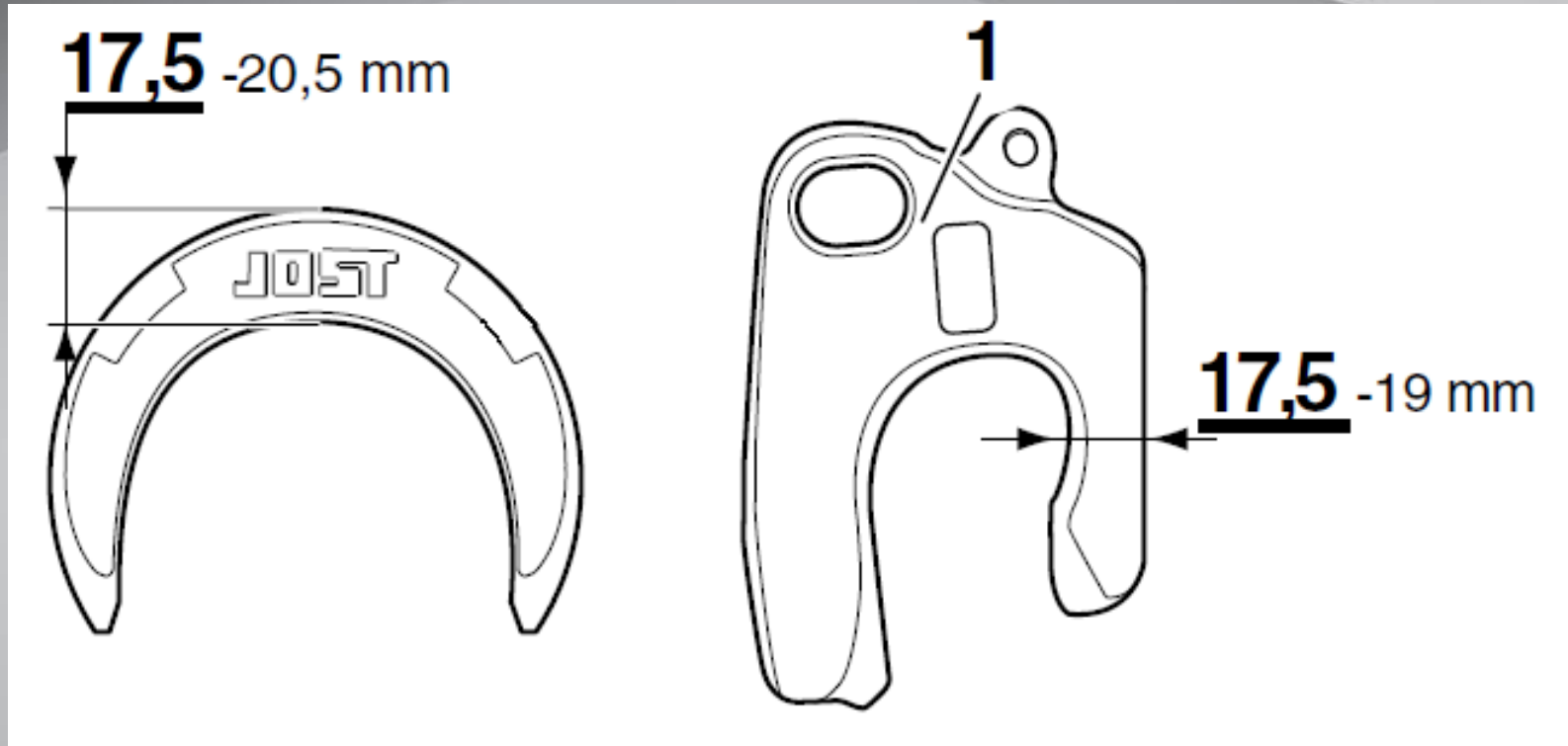
1. Pivot for lock jaw
2. Lock jaw return spring
3. Lock jaw
4. Locking bar
5. Lock bar bolt
6. Lever
7. Operating handle
8. Socket head bolt
9. Double tension spring



# JOST 37 CZ Series

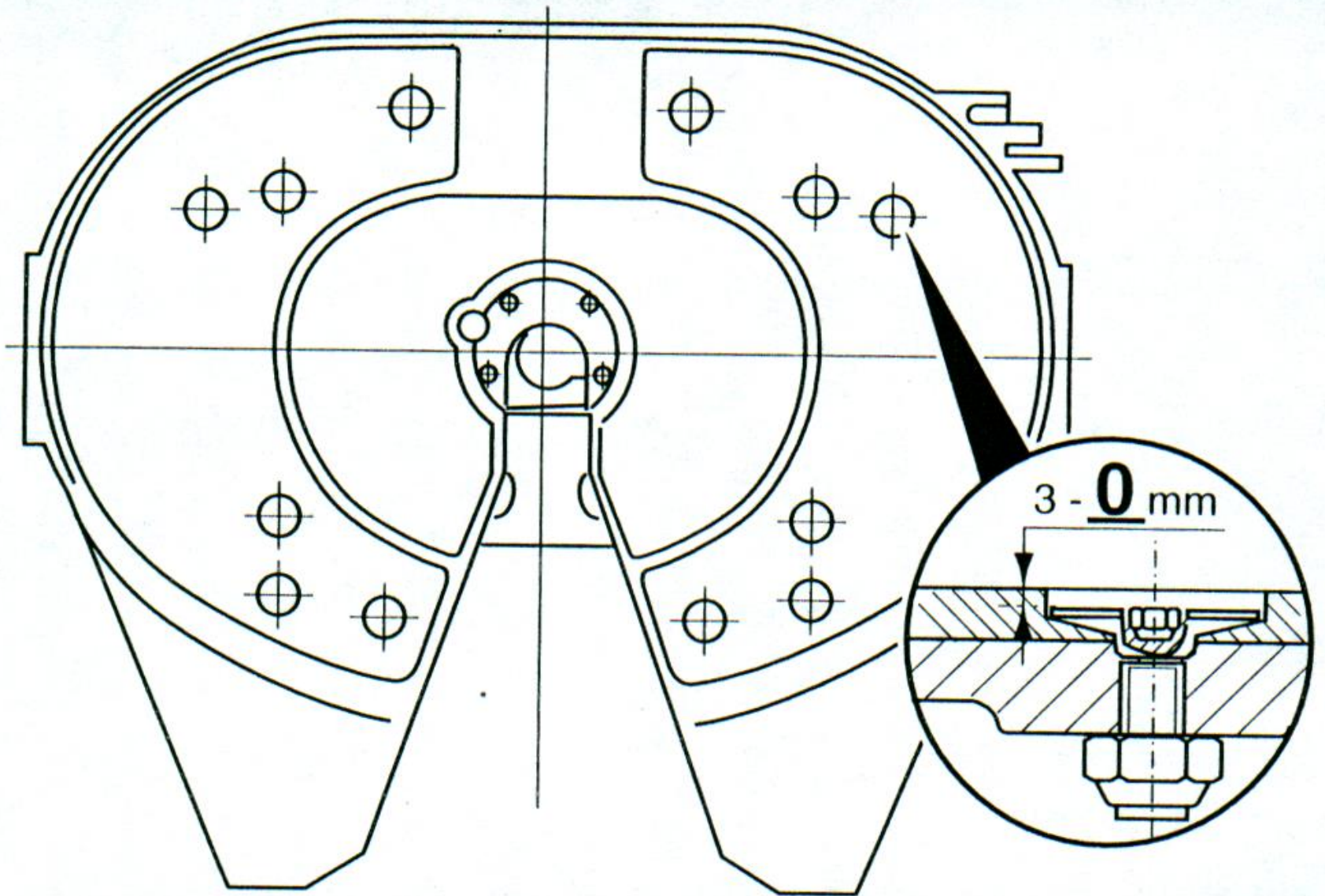


# JOST 37 CZW Series

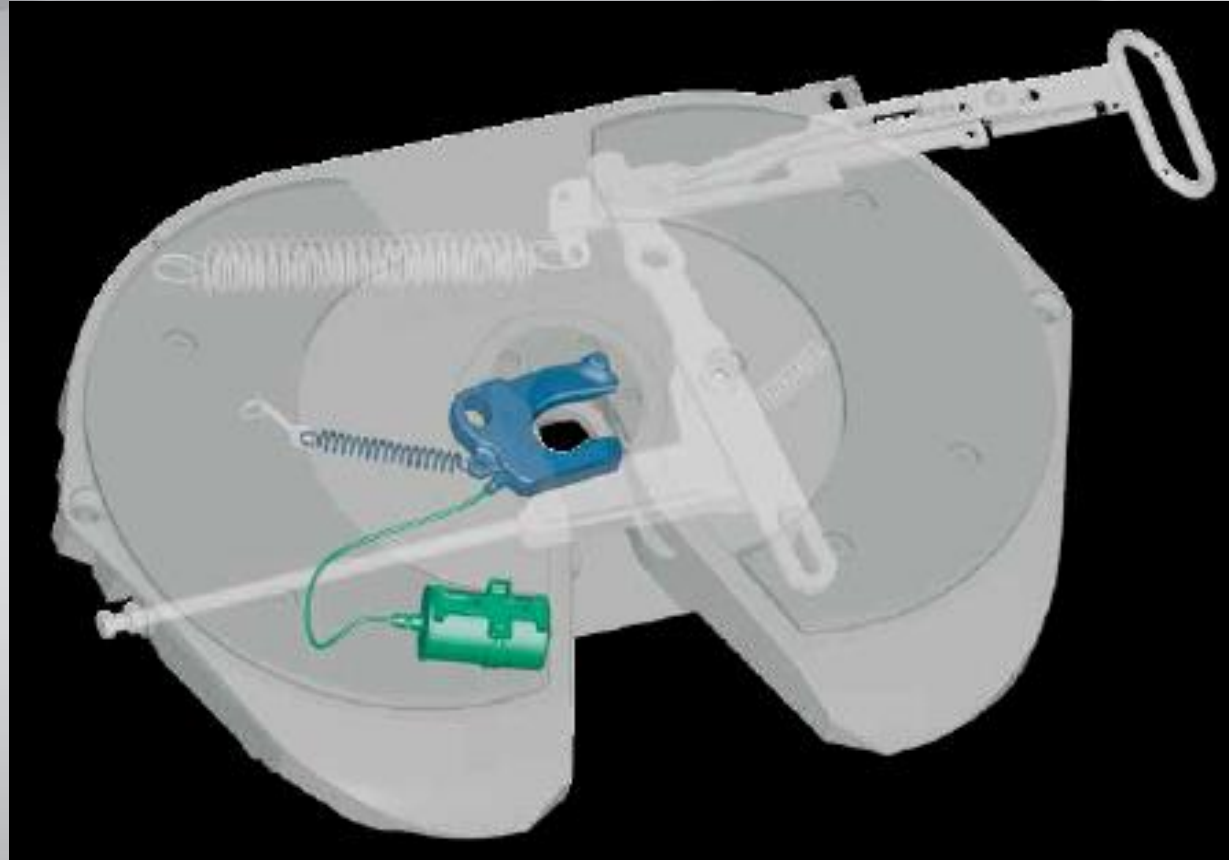




# Maximum wear of greaseless insert



# Automatic lubrication system



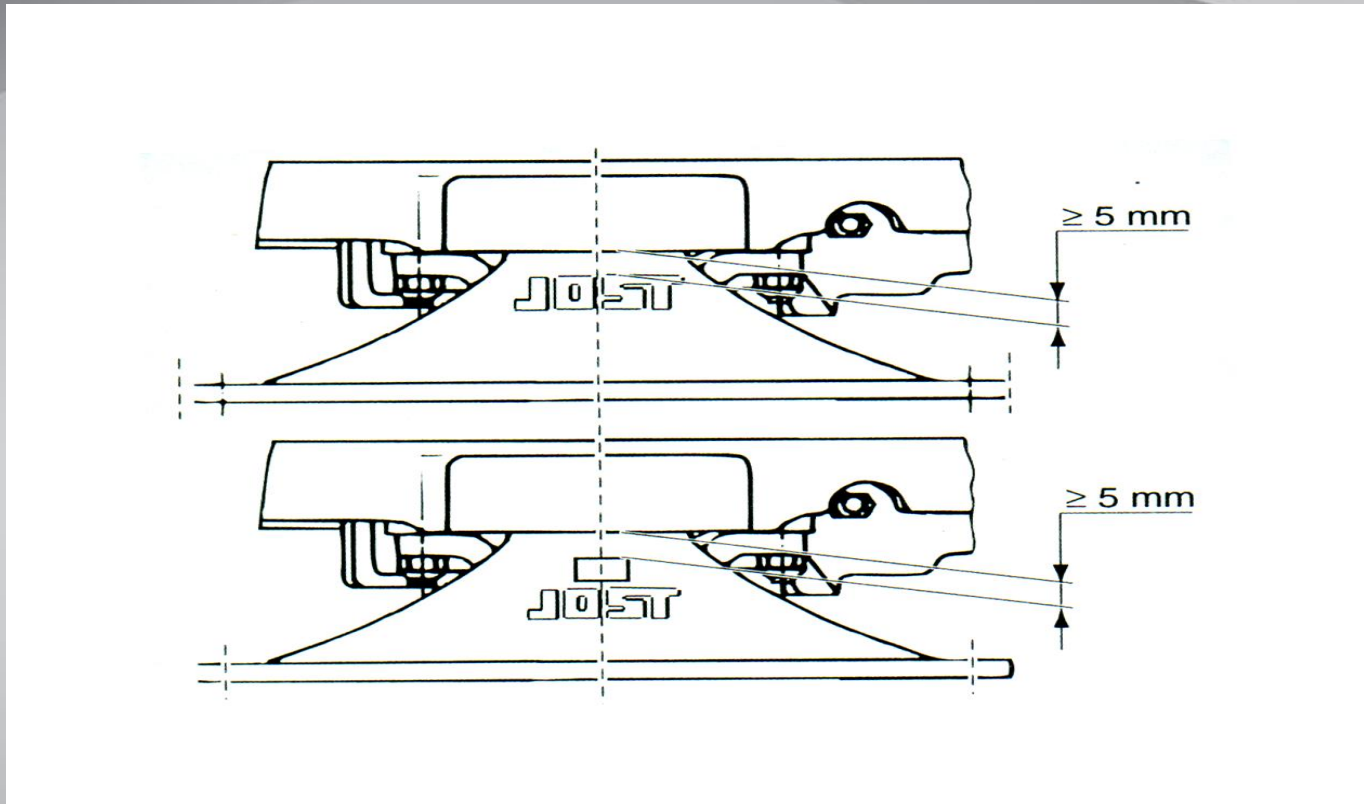
# Lubrication system canister

- Lasts for three years in service
- LED flashes every 2 minutes, normal operation
- LED flashes every 5 seconds, replace canister

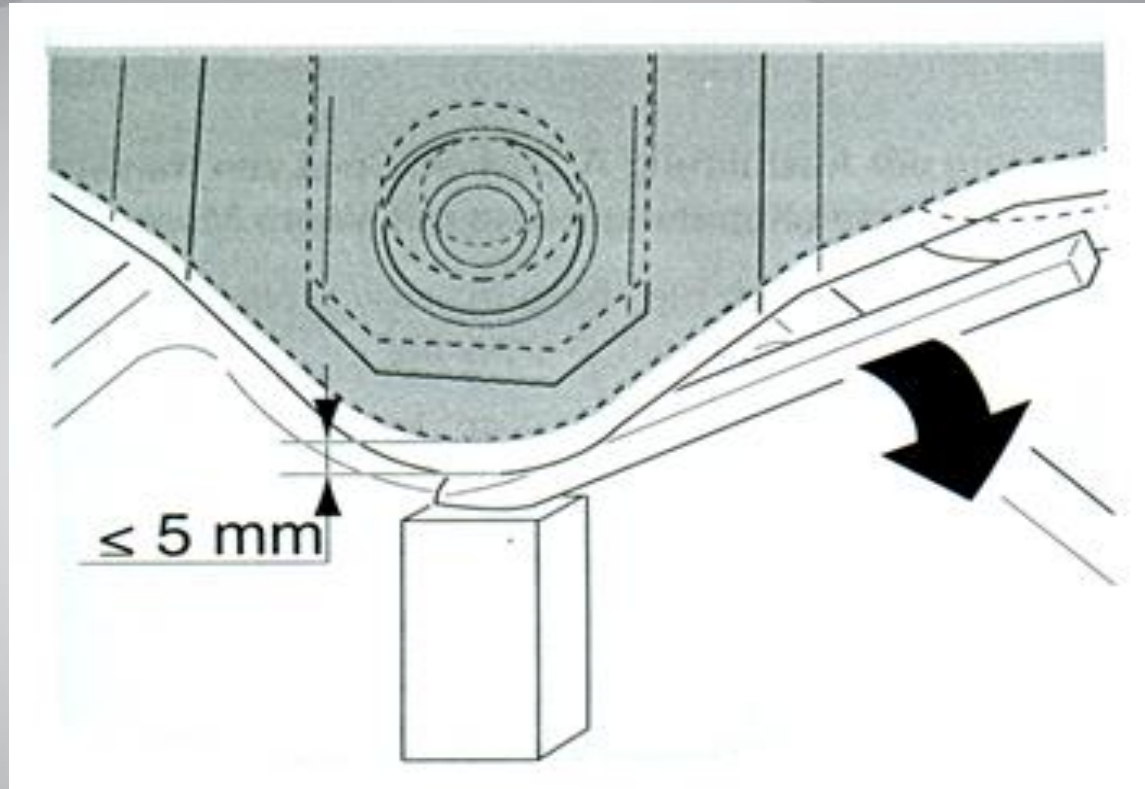




# JSK 36/37 C type pedestals




# JSK 37 E Pin & Bush-type pedestals







Customer Name:		Date:	
Vehicle Rego/Fleet No:		Odometer:	
Trifthwheel Model/Serial:			



## JSK37CZ & CW Series Service Checklist

 = please inspect/maintain and tick in green boxes

Service Interval		5,000km Weekly	25,000km Monthly Harsh Conditions	50,000km 6 Months Maximum	Inspection Criteria	CZ Series	CW Series	JOST Specialised Tools	
Clean	Remove enough grease to enable a visual inspection				Wear Checks	Top Plate		    	
Visual Inspect	Check for broken, bent, missing or cracked items					Rushes			
Function Check	Use trailer kingpin or SK-78000-00 Tester. If test fails, refer to service manual					Wear Ring			
Wear Checks	Refer to diagram pg. 2					Locking Jaw			
Torque Checks	Refer to Inspection Criteria opposite				Visual Checks	Inserts			
Adjustment	Refer to diagram and instructions pg. 2					IIU Hiate			
Lubricate*	Refer to Inspection Criteria opposite					Secondary Latch			
						Cracks, Damage, Bent Components			
					Torque Checks	Wear Ring	140Nm		49Nm
						Saddle Bolts	170-180Nm		170-180Nm
						Mounting Bolts	210Nm	210Nm	
						Inserts		16Nm	
					Lubricate	Top Plate			
						Lock Jaw			
						Locking Bar			
						Wear Ring			
						Pin on Lever			

\* Ask your local JOST representative or reseller for information on these, and other available service tools



# Service Interval

5,000km  
Weekly

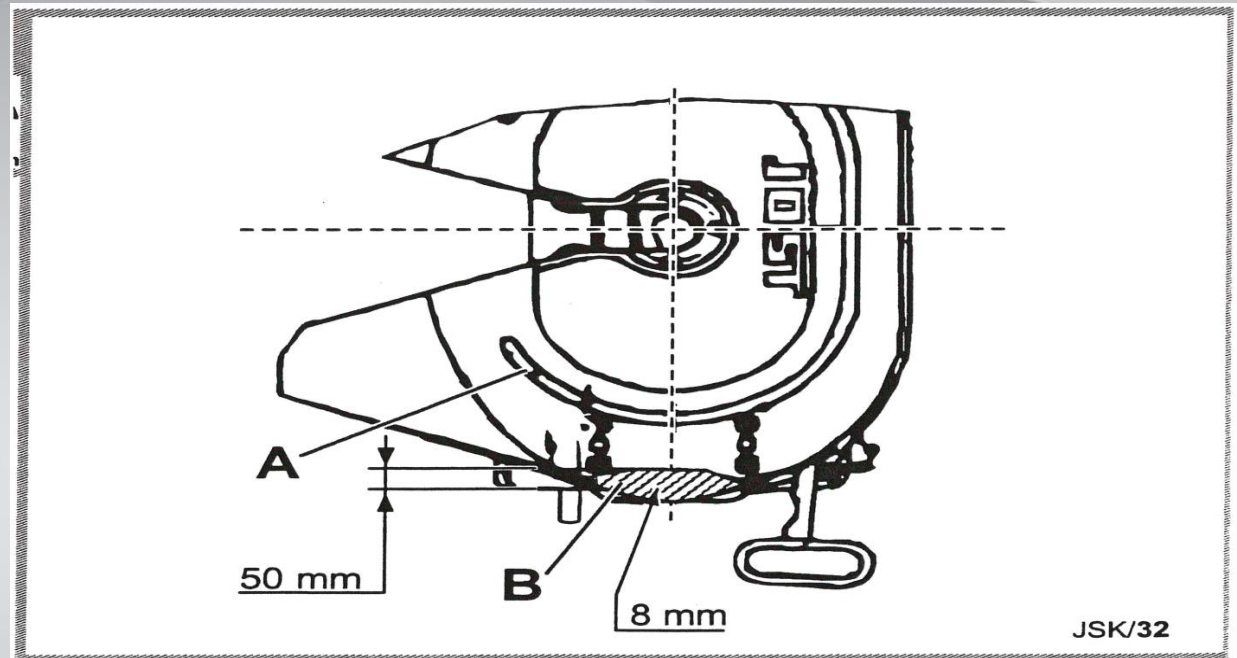
25,000km  
Monthly  
Harsh  
Conditions

50,000km  
6 Months  
Maximum

			←	→
Clean	Remove enough grease to enable a visual inspection			
Visual Inspect	Check for broken, bent, missing or cracked items			
Function Check	Use trailer kingpin or SK-76000-00 Tester. If test fails, refer to service manual			
Wear Checks	Refer to diagram pg. 2			
Torque Checks	Refer to Inspection Criteria opposite			
Adjustment	Refer to diagram and instructions pg. 2			
Lubricate*	Refer to Inspection Criteria opposite			



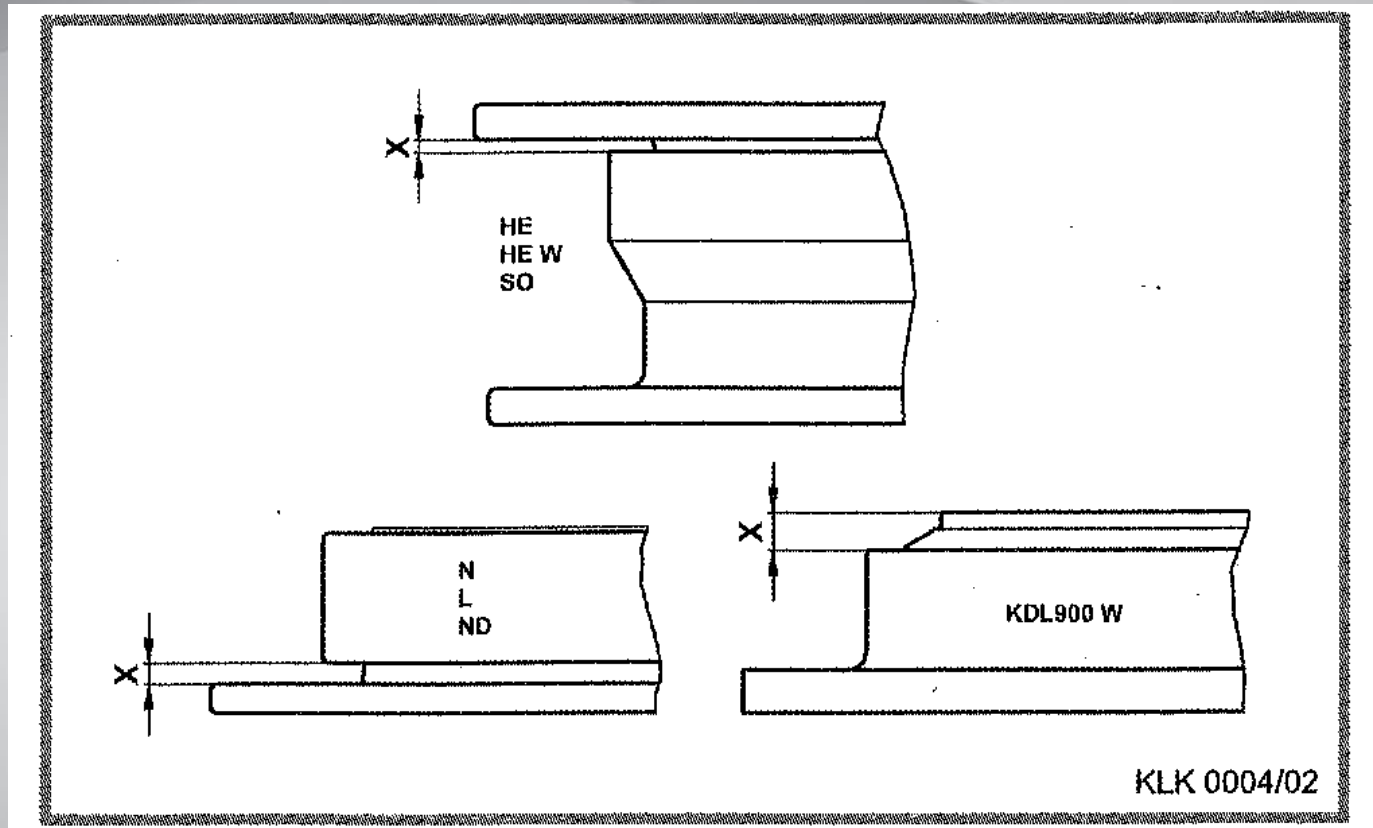
# CZ top plate wear limit



The fifth wheel coupling must be replaced if:  
The top of the plate is worn to the bottom of the **lubricating groove depth "A"** at any point. Material wear of up to approx. 8 mm, in other words up to approx. 3 mm lower than the bottom of the lubricating groove, is permitted in **exterior part "B"** over the bearings. **This does not apply to the W version.**



# Ball race wear limits



Series	Maximum axial play	Minimum air gap X	Maximum radial play
HE/SO	3.5 mm	0.0 mm	2.0 mm
KLK DR	3.0 mm	0.0 mm	2.0 mm
KDL 900 W	3.5 mm	7.5 mm	2.0 mm
L/N	2.5 mm	0.0 mm	1.5 mm





# Andrew Archibald

**Senior Transport Inspector**

**Department of Transport and  
Main Roads, Queensland**



# Sumner Park incident





# Cunninghams Gap













# Chris Blanchard

**Workshop supervisor**

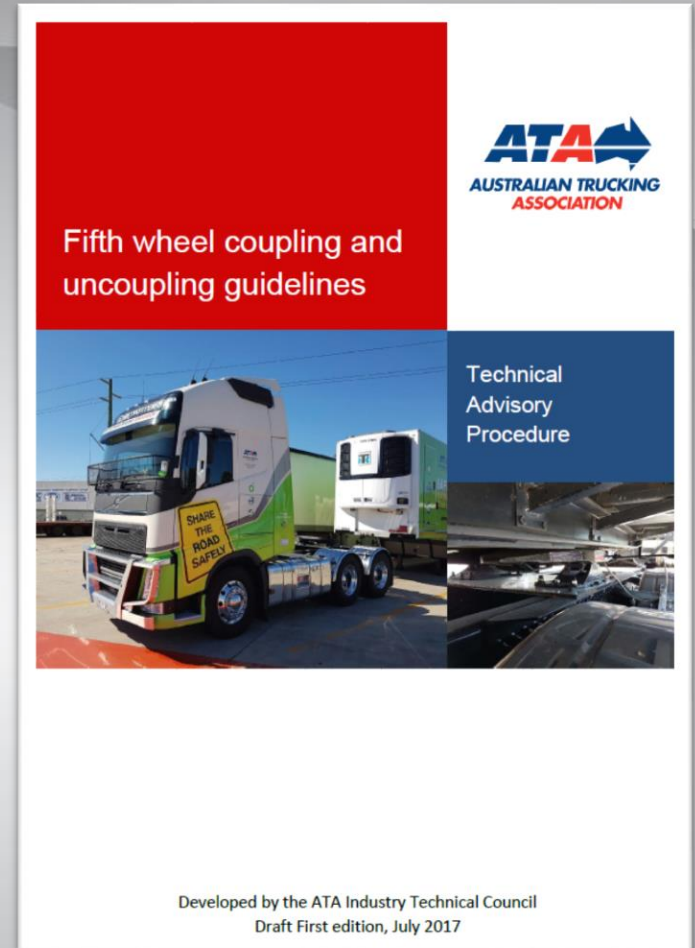
**Herb Blanchard Haulage**





# Fifth wheel coupling and uncoupling guidelines

## Technical Advisory Procedure



# Background

- The issue was raised at ITC October 2016 - Jaw Inspection - Driver safety - Crush hazards
- Focus in previous years has been on Ringfeeder style coupling issues
- Exception - VSB6 5th wheel mounting
- Simple Operation - Complicated procedure
- European Vs American - ADR 38/05 v UN ECE R13
- Comprehensive document without being cumbersome
- Technical vs Procedural



# Interests Coupled

- Dropped semi trailers
- Large issue - Elephant in the room
- Recorded incidents + Unrecorded
- 12 months - Several national carriers issued alerts re: fifth wheels
- Stakeholders combining resources & experience
- ALC - Own document
- On road compliance + WH&S





# Pinning it down

- Feedback from operators - networking
- Incorporate stakeholder input
- Base universal procedure
- Technical content
- Draft feedback





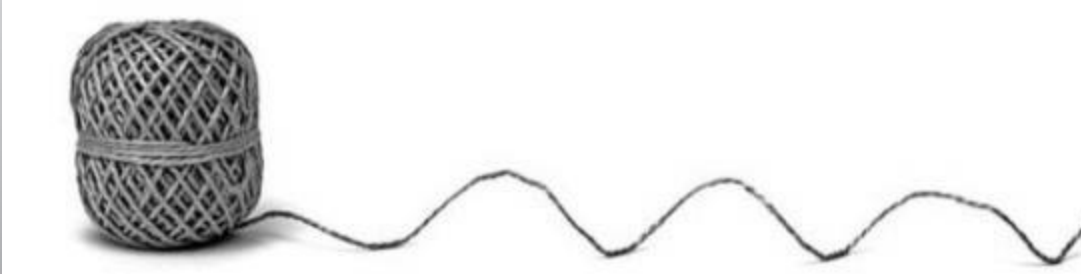
# Simon Skazlic

**General Manager – HS&E  
compliance**

**K&S Freighters**



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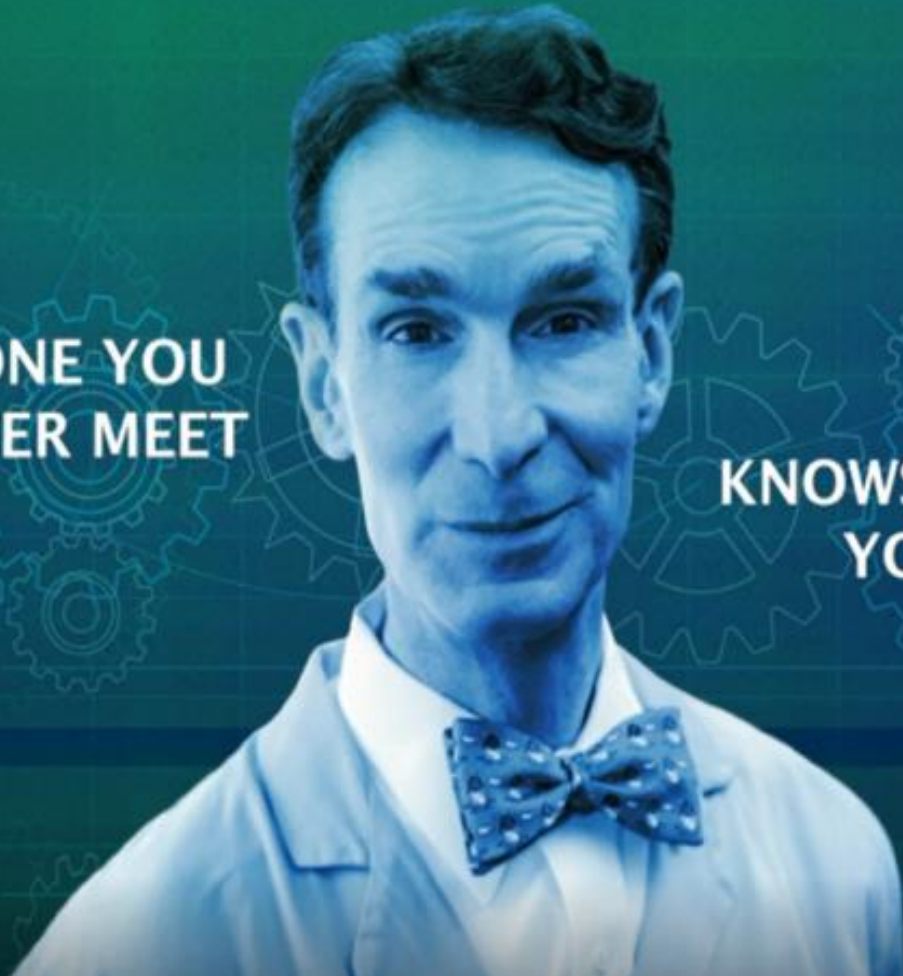




# William Sanford Nye (Bill Nye the Science Guy)

EVERYONE YOU  
WILL EVER MEET

KNOWS SOMETHING  
YOU DON'T

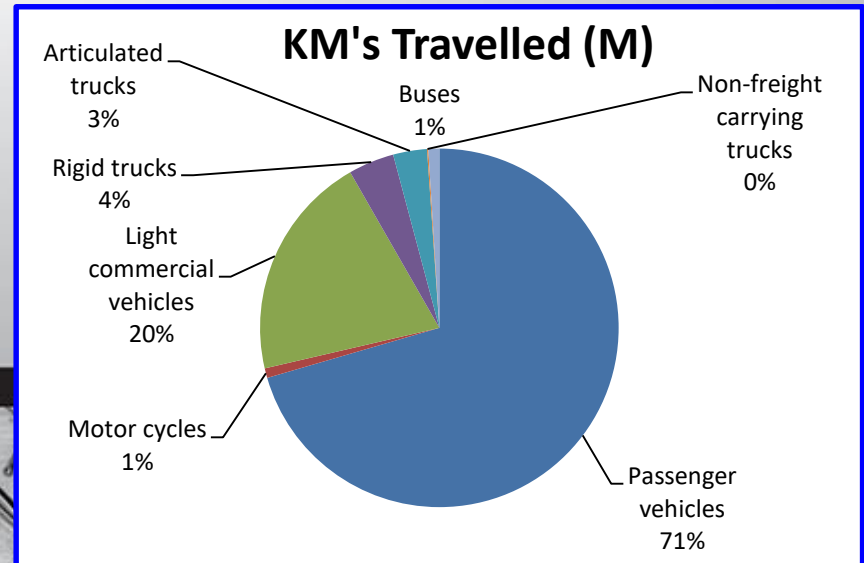
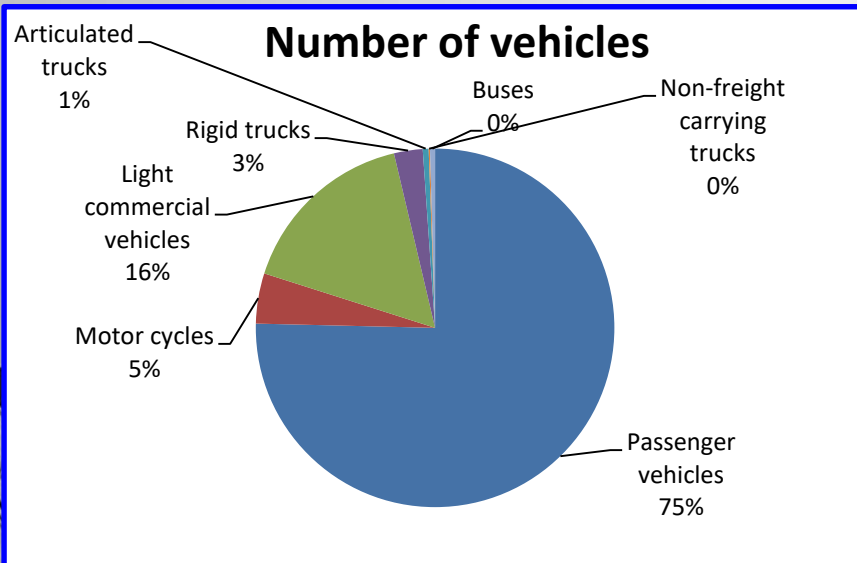


# What numbers do we have?

## Australian Bureau of Statistics

2016 (Type / Item)	Number of vehicles	%	KM's Travelled (M)	%
Passenger vehicles	13,712,810	75.4%	175,899	70.5%
Motor cycles	824,572	4.5%	2,176	0.9%
Light commercial vehicles	2,983,034	16.4%	50,778	20.4%
Rigid trucks	470,849	2.6%	10,301	4.1%
Articulated trucks	96,214	<b>0.5%</b>	7,613	<b>3.1%</b>
Non-freight carrying trucks	21,581	0.1%	290	0.1%
Buses	82,615	0.5%	2,456	1.0%
<b>Total</b>	<b>18,191,675</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>249,513</b>	<b>100.0%</b>

**249.5 Billion KM's**



# WHS Act

- The *Work Health and Safety Act 2011 (WHS Act)* and *Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011 (WHS Regulations)* - have been adopted in most of the Australian states and territories.
- **Section 35** of the WHS Act defines a category of incidents called '**notifiable incidents**'.
- **Section 38** requires a person who conducts a business or undertaking (PCBU) to ensure that the **Regulator is notified immediately**.
- **Section 39** deals with the related topic of **preservation** of incident sites.
- Section 35 of the WHS Act defines a 'notifiable incident' as:
  - the death of a person, or
  - the serious injury or illness of a person, or
  - a **dangerous incident**.
- Under **section 37** of the WHS Act, a dangerous incident is an incident in relation to a workplace that **exposes a worker or any other person to a serious risk to a person's health or safety emanating from an immediate or imminent exposure** to:
  - **the fall or release from a height of any plant, substance or thing**



# What's changed?

Includes, but not limited to:

- Greater number of articulated combinations across the fleet(s).
- Increase in number of trailer splits.
- Increase in drop out / quick hitch tasks.
- Warehouse / Distribution Centres - Finger docks.
- Air bag's.
- Driver / Operator skill sets.
- Distractions.





# PANEL DISCUSSION

- Chair - Adam Ritzinger - SAF-Holland
- Panel members
- Bob Edwards - TEAM
- Adam Taylor - SAF-HOLLAND
- Bob Martin – Jost Australia
- Andrew Archibald - TMR inspector
- Simon Skazlic - K&S
- Chris Blanchard - Herb Blanchard Haulage